COVID-19 UPDATES

October 26th, 2020

For live updates on COVID-19 at the state level, county level and the Claremont neighborhood, you can check our *COVID-19 Claremont Graduate University Dashboard*.

- Global: Total confirmed cases: 43,174,685. Total deaths: 1,155,473. Total recoveries: 29,014,079.
- United States: Total confirmed cases: 8,639,900. Total deaths: 225,247. Total recoveries: 3,422,878.
- California: Total confirmed cases: 898,029. Total deaths: 17,345.
 - Virus transmission in Los Angeles County is rated as widespread by the governor's reopening regime, which places LA county in Tier 1 and keeps higher education and K-12 schools closed. Schools are permitted to open to stable groups of no more than 12 students with disabilities, students requiring instruction for English as a second language and students needing other specialized in-school services. Many businesses and services are allowed to reopen if performed outdoors with modifications. (Los Angeles Times)
 - Los Angeles County is still in the strictest level of the state's four-tier economicreopening roadmap. The county's recent testing positivity rate is low enough to qualify the county to move up to a less-restrictive tier, but the average daily number of new cases needs to drop to about 700 per day before any movement will occur. (NBC)

County-Level Statistics

County	Confirmed Cases	Deaths	Case-fatality rate per 1,000	Total Population
Los Angeles	299760	6993	23.8	10,039,107
San Bernardino	62619	1072	14.5	2,180,085
Orange	60431	1447	18.7	3,175,692
Ventura	14240	164	10.4	846,006
Riverside	65902	1279	18.9	2,470,546

Table 1. County-level confirmed cases, deaths, and case-fatality rates.

Case-fatality rates may be biased due to undercounts in both cases and deaths

LA County

- Total of 299760 cases across LA County, including 6956 deaths.
- For the previous 24 hours, 4 new deaths and 830 new cases.

Cities In Claremont's Neighborhood

Total number of cases: 13327

City	Total Confirmed Cases	Total Population
Claremont	438	36,478
La Verne	535	32,206
Pomona	6024	152,361
Montclair	1456	39,437
Rancho Cucamonga	3275	177,751
Upland	1599	77,000

Table 2. Confirmed cases in Claremont and neighboring cities

Policy

- Europe reported more than 1.3 million new cases this past week, its highest single week count yet. With concerns the situation in Europe might soon spin out of control, governments are imposing curfews and social restrictions to avoid full-scale lockdowns that could hurt the economy and dim the upcoming holiday season. (NPR)
- The Rockefeller Foundation will allocate \$1 billion over the next three years to address the pandemic and its aftermath. It is the largest commitment in its 107-year history, and will primarily focus on expanding access to COVID-19 tests and vaccines, as well as investing in distributed green power sources for the more than 800 million people stuck in energy poverty. (Axios)
- The U.S. Food and Drug Administration has approved the antiviral drug Veklury (remdesivir) for use in adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older and weighing at least 40 kilograms (about 88 pounds) for treatment of COVID-19 requiring hospitalization. Veklury should only be administered in a hospital or in a healthcare setting capable of providing acute care comparable to inpatient hospital care. Veklury is the first treatment for COVID-19 to receive FDA approval.
- A successful reopening of schools will require better COVID-19 testing access and response planning. Screening for COVID-19 symptoms without testing might not avert outbreaks in schools. Schools could build a rapid-feedback loop among testing laboratories, the public health department, and potential contacts, in accordance with public health exceptions to privacy laws, to expedite disclosure of testing data. (Yasmin Rafiei and and Michelle M. Mello The New England Journal of Medicine)
- The COVID-19 emergency paid sick leave provided by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) has helped mitigate the pandemic and reduced the number of COVID-19 cases, according to a study published inHealth Affairs. Set to expire at the end of December, FFCRA should be extended into 2021 until the public health emergency has abated. The FFCRA's coverage should be expanded to include the millions of workers left out because of the size of their employer or the type of work they do. (Institute for Women's Policy Research)

Latest Research News

• Findings from a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial show that an immunosuppressive drug tocilizumab is not an effective treatment strategy. The drug has been thought to disrupt the cytokine storm associated with COVID-19 in moderately ill patients. According to the study, tocilizumab has no significant effect on the risk of intubation or death, on disease worsening, or on time to discontinuation of supplemental oxygen. (John H. Stone et al. The New England Journal of Medicine)

- A study to be published next week in the Journal of Hospital Medicine analyzed 5,263 COVID-19 patient records treated at NYU Langone hospitals in New York City and Long Island between March 1 and August 8. Using a range of risk factors for the disease, as well as indicators of the severity of the illness upon hospitalization, the study shows the likelihood of death from COVID-19 was on average 22 percentage points lower in August than in March for most critically ill patients. (NYU Langone Health and NYU School of Medicine)
- Young, healthy people will be intentionally exposed to the coronavirus in a first-of-its kind human challenge trial, the UK government and the Open Orphan company running the study announced this week. The challenge will be in the high-level isolation unit of the Royal Free Hospital in north London. Proponents of COVID-19 challenge trials have argued that they can be run safely and ethically, and that their potential to quickly identify effective vaccines outweighs the low risks to participants. (Nature)
- Two new peer-reviewed studies are showing a sharp drop in mortality among hospitalized COVID-19 patients. The drop is seen in all groups, including older patients and those with underlying conditions, suggesting that physicians are getting better at helping patients survive the illness. (NPR)
- A small-N study found waning antibody response to SARS-CoV-2 virus within five months after infection, raising the concern that naturally acquired humoral immunity against SARS-CoV-2 might not be long-lasting. In this study, neutralizing antibody titer decreased more in symptomatic than asymptomatic patients. (Pyoeng Gyun Choe et al. Emerging Infectious Diseases)

Useful Links

Urban Institute Mapping Neighborhoods Where Low-income Renters Face Greater Risks of Housing Instability and Homelessness to Inform an Equitable COVID-19 Response

The COVID Tracking Project

Protect Public Data Hub by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Contact Tracing Workforce Estimator by Fitzhugh Mullan Institute for Health Workforce Equity, the George Washington University

California COVID-19 statistics by county

Los Alamos National Laboratory COVID-19 Forecasts

Paul Bogaardt et al. IPRC Working Paper

CDC Provisional Death Counts for COVID-19: Data Updates by Select Demographic and Geographic Characteristics

NBER Working papers on COVID-19 and Economics

Census COVID-19 Impact Report

CDC COVID-19 Forecasts

Johns Hopkins University CSSE international map

RAND State Policy Evaluation Tool: The Health and Economic Impacts of COVID-19 Interventions

Map of California Counties advancing to Stage 2 of reopening

Google COVID-19 Community Mobility Reports

COVID-19 Projections by the Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation

COVID-19 Projections by the University of Texas COVID-19 Modeling Consortium

Our World in Data COVID-19 Statistics and Research

Estimation of COVID-19 epidemic evaluation by the SIR model by Milan Batista (2020), fitVirusCOVID19

Imperial College London COVID-19 Behavior Tracker

Penn Wharton Budget Model

Kaiser Family Foundation Data Tool

RAND Tool for Estimating Critical Care Capacity

NBER Working papers on COVID-19 and Economics

Becker Friedman Institute for Economics Working Papers on COVID-19

COVID-19 Research and Information from Human Capital and Economic Opportunity Global Working Group, University of Chicago

The Trump Administration's Guidelines for Opening Up America Again